

# **INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE**

## XYLOSE LYSINE DEOXYCHOLATE AGAR PLATES

P90/XLD - 20

#### **INTENDED USE**

Xylose Lysine Deoxycholate Agar is moderately selective medium used for isolation and differentiation of Salmonella and Shigella species.

#### TYPES OF SAMPLES

- Clinical
- Food

## **SPECIMEN COLLECTION AND HANDLING**

Follow the appropriate sampling technique as per standard guidelines. Sampling and transport equipment must be used in accordance with the recommendations of their suppliers for the conservation of strains.

## MATERIAL REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

Standard microbiological laboratory material for culture media preparation, control, streaking, incubation, and waste disposal.

### **PRECAUTIONS**

- For in-Vitro diagnostic use. Read the label details and storage before opening the pack.
- Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.
- Follow good microbiological lab practices while handling specimens and culture.

## **STORAGE & SHELF LIFE**

- Store at 10 -15 °C.
- Use before the expiry date mentioned on the label.
- Keep away from direct light.



#### PHYSICAL PARAMETERS OF PREPARED PLATES

Appearance: 90 mm petri plates with a smooth surface and absence of any particles, cracks, or bubbles.

☑ Colour: Light red to red

☑ Clarity: Slightly Opalescent

# **INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE**

CHECK

 Open the sterile pack and remove the plates aseptically.

 Ensure the aseptic conditions are maintained while inoculating the plates. ✓ Plate should be at room temperature before streaking the sample on the plate.

- Inoculate the samples on each plate & incubate the plates at 35 37°C for 24 hrs.
- Check the plates after 24-48 hrs for any microbial growth and haemolysis of the strains.

#### **INOCULATION & INTERPRETATION**

Inoculum: 50-100 CFU Incubation temperature: 35 - 37°C Incubation time: 24 hrs

Test Strains	ATCC No.	Inoculum	Observed CFU	Growth	Colour of the colony
Salmonella typhimurium	ATCC 14028	50-100 CFU	76	Good	Red-Yellow
Escherichia coli	ATCC 25922	>1000 CFU	Partial to complete inhibition	Partial to complete inhibition	-

# **LIMITATIONS & COMPLEMENTARY TESTS**

- It is advisable not to prepare large volumes, which will require prolonged heating.
- Longer incubation may result in false positive results.
- Some species of Salmonella like S. paratyphi A, S. choleraesuis, S. gallinarum and S. pullorum form red colonies without black centers, which resemble Shigella colonies.



# **DISPOSAL**

User must ensure safe disposal by autoclaving and/or incineration of used or unusable preparations of this product. Materials that have come in contact with infectious / clinical samples must be decontaminated and disposed of in accordance with current laboratory techniques and regulations.